

IGNITION SYSTEM

ON-VEHICLE INSPECTION

IG00Z-01

NOTICE:

"Cold" and "Hot" in these sentences express the temperature of the coils themselves. "Cold" is from -10°C (14°F) to 50°C (122°F) and "Hot" is from 50°C (122°F) to 100°C (212°F).

1. INSPECT IGNITION COIL (WITH IGNITER) AND SPARK TEST

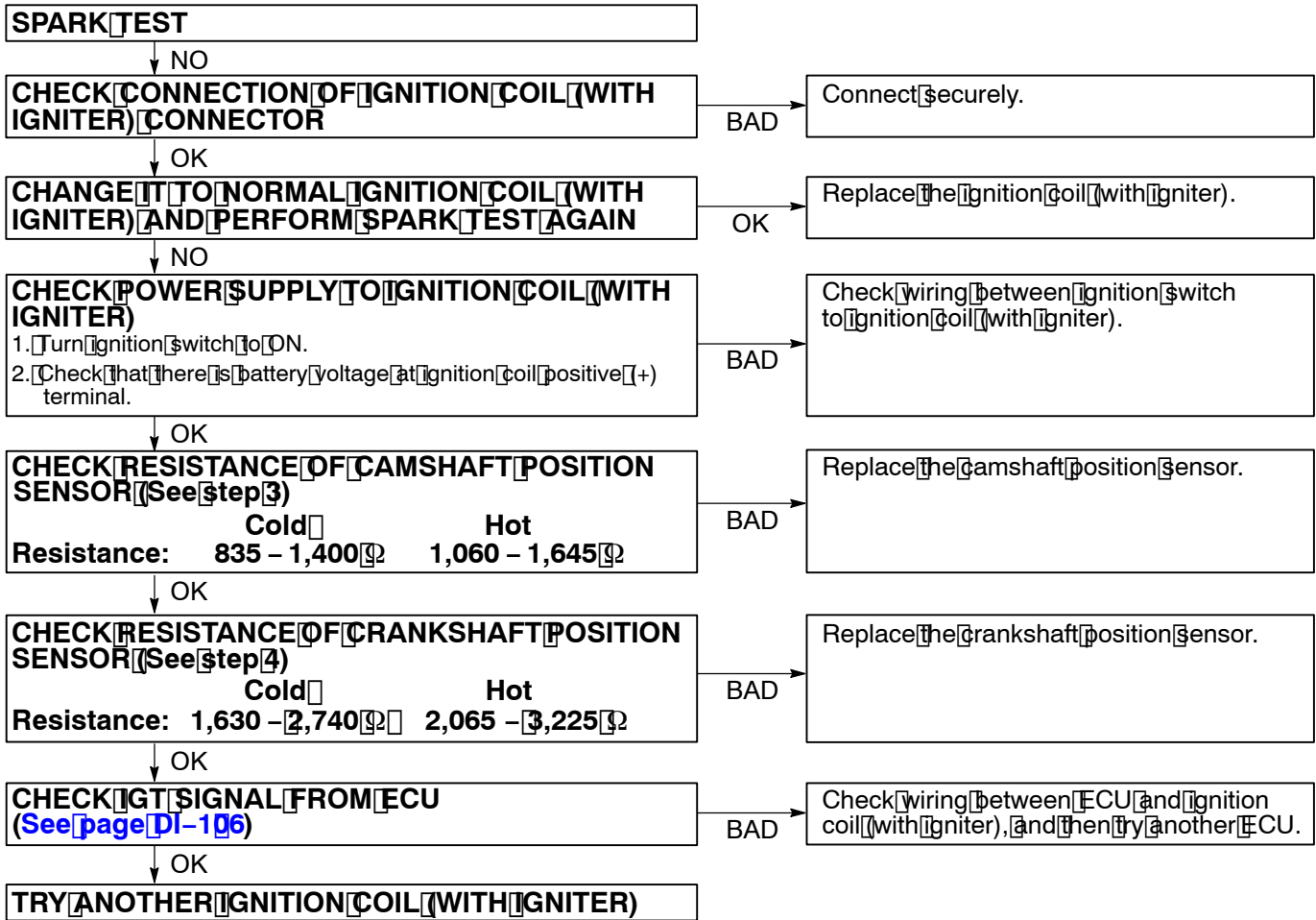
Check that the spark occurs.

- (1) Remove the ignition coils (with igniter).
(See page G-6)
- (2) Remove the spark plugs.
- (3) Install the spark plugs to each ignition coil (with igniter), and connect the ignition coil (with igniter) connector.
- (4) Disconnect the 8 injector connectors.
- (5) Ground the spark plug.
- (6) Check if spark occurs while engine is being cranked.

NOTICE:

To prevent gasoline from being injected from injectors during this test, crank the engine for no more than 5 - 10 seconds at time.

If the spark does not occur, do the test as follows:



(7) Using a 16mm plug wrench, install the spark plugs.

Torque: 17.5 N·m (180 kgf·cm, 13 ft·lbf)

(8) Reinstall the ignition coils (with igniter).

(See page IG-6)

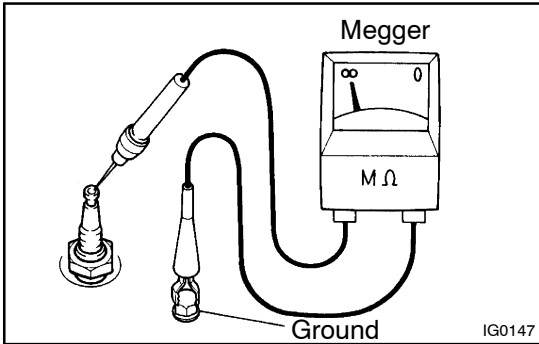
2. INSPECT SPARK PLUGS

NOTICE:

- Never use a wire brush for cleaning.
- Never attempt to adjust the electrode gap on used spark plug.
- Spark plug should be replaced every 100,000 km (60,000 miles).

(a) Remove the ignition coils (with igniter).

(See page IG-6)



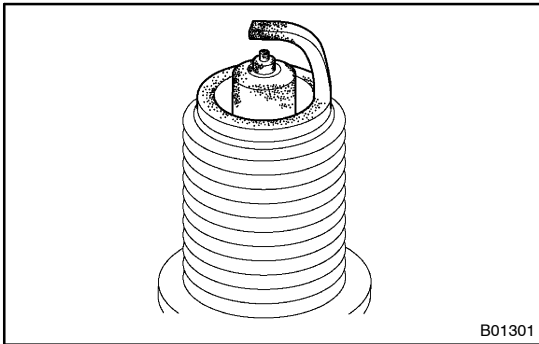
- (b) Check the electrode.
- Using a megger (insulation resistance meter), measure the insulation resistance.

Correct insulation resistance: 10 MΩ or more

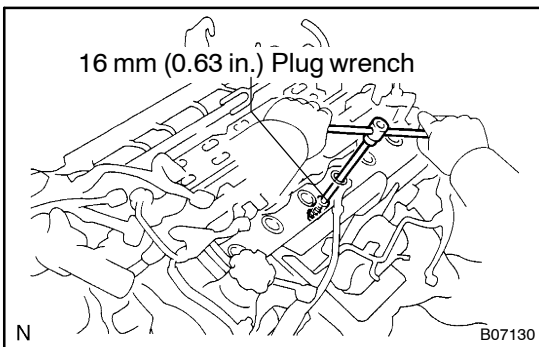
If the resistance is less than specified, proceed to step (c).

HINT:

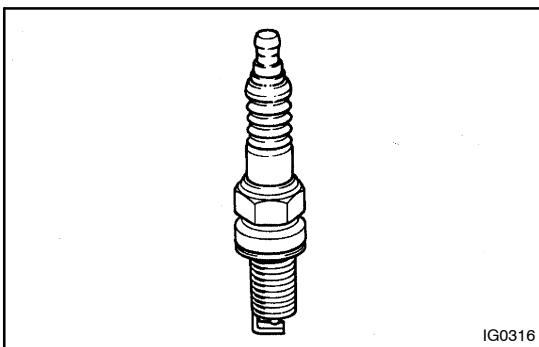
If a megger is not available, the following simple method of inspection provides fairly accurate results.



- Simple Method:
 - Quickly race the engine to 4,000 rpm 5 times.
 - Remove the spark plug. (See step (c))
 - Visually check the spark plug.
 - If the electrode is dry ... OK.
 - If the electrode is wet ... Proceed to step (d).
 - Reinstall the spark plug. (See step (g))



- (c) Using a 16 mm (0.63 in.) plug wrench, remove the spark plugs.

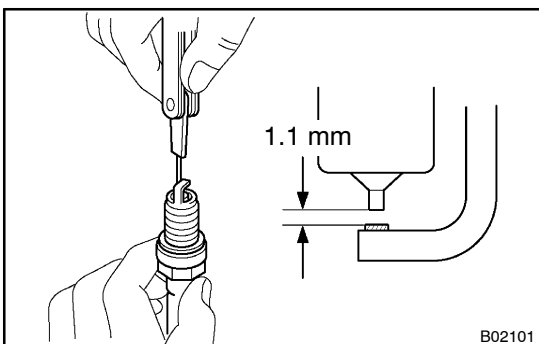


- (d) Check the spark plug for thread damage and insulator damage.

If abnormal, replace the spark plug.

Recommended spark plug:

DENSO made	SK16P11
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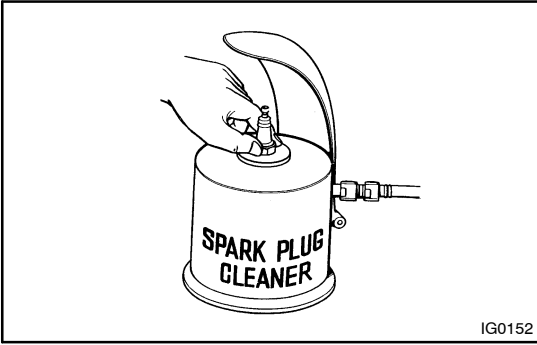
- (e) Check the spark plug electrode gap.
- Maximum electrode gap for used spark plug:
1.2 mm (0.047 in.)**

If the gap is greater than maximum, replace the spark plug.

**Correct electrode gap for new spark plug:
1.1 mm (0.043 in.)**

NOTICE:

If adjusting the gap of a new spark plug, bend only the base of the ground electrode. Do not touch the tip. Never attempt to adjust the gap on a used plug.



(f) Clean the spark plugs. If the electrode has traces of wet carbon, allow it to dry and then clean with a spark plug cleaner.

Air pressure: Below 588 kPa (6 kgf/cm², 85 psi)

Duration: 20 seconds or less

HINT:

If there are traces of oil, remove it with gasoline before using the spark plug cleaner.

(g) Using a 16 mm plug wrench, install the spark plugs.

Torque: 17.5 N·m (180 kgf·cm, 13 ft·lbf)

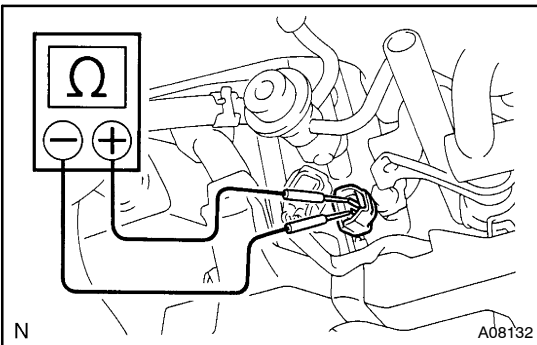
(h) Reinstall the ignition coils (with igniter).

(See page IG-6)

3. INSPECT CAMSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

(a) Remove the V-bank cover.

(b) Disconnect the camshaft position sensor connector.

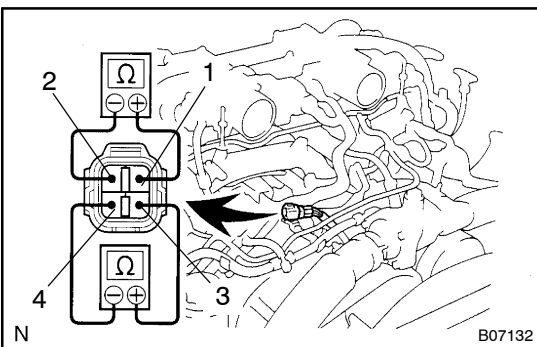


(c) Using an ohmmeter, measure the resistance between terminals.

Resistance:

Cold	835 - 1,400 Ω
Hot	1,060 - 1,645 Ω

If the resistance is not as specified, replace the camshaft position sensor.



4. INSPECT CRANKSHAFT POSITION SENSOR

(a) Remove the V-bank cover.

(b) Remove the air cleaner inlet No. 1.

(c) Remove the air cleaner assembly LH and RH.

(d) Left bank control:

Using an ohmmeter, measure resistance between terminals 1 and 2.

(e) Right bank control:

Using an ohmmeter, measure resistance between terminals 3 and 4.

Resistance:

Cold	1,630 - 2,740 Ω
Hot	2,065 - 3,225 Ω

If the resistance is not as specified, replace the crankshaft position sensor.